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THE

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OF

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ILLUSTRATED WITH VIEWS

OF

ALL THE PLACES OF RESORT IN THE UNITED KINGDOM,

WITH NOTICES OF THE HOTELS, TAVERNS, BOARDING HOUSES,

MEANS OF CONVEYANCE,

AMUSEMENTS, ANTIQUITIES, CURIOSITIES, AND EVERY OBJECT OF INTEREST IN EACH TOWN

AND ITS VICINITY.

London:

JOSEPH ROBINS, BRIDE COURT, FLEET STREET.

MDCCCXXXII.

Drawn by W.H.Bartlett. Engraved by J.Rogers.

ST LEONARD'S HOTEL.

NEW TOWN HASTINGS.

JOSEPH ROBINS, LONDON.

Drawn by W. H. Bartlett. Engraved by J. C. Allen.

PAVILION, STATUE OF GEO IV, AND NEW CHURCH.

BRIGHTON.

From the Steyne.

JOSEPH ROBINS LONDON.

Drawn by W.H. Bartlett. Engraved by J.C.Allen.

DOVER.

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which have already been purchased by the commissioners, there will be a very handsome approach from East-street. The whole length of the building is 144 feet from north to south, and the extreme width from east to west 113 feet. The ground floor contains offices for the clerk, surveyor, collector, and inspector to the commissioners; a room for the directors and guardians of the poor, and for their clerk, a watchhouse, and lock-up room, besides the market of nearly 85 feet square. Below these rooms are arched vaults occupying the whole area of the building, about one-third of which is occupied by cells for prisoners. The first floor contains the justice room, a magistrates' private room, and a committee room. The second floor, which is the principal one, contains the town hall, 85 feet by 35 feet, and 30 feet high, and a room for the commissioners' meetings, 53 feet by 36 feet, and 30 feet high, as well as two committee rooms, 23 feet by 20 feet, and 16 feet high, forming a most elegant suite of rooms for an assembly, although not originally designed for that purpose, and will also be very convenient for public town meetings.

The staircase occupies a space of 25 feet 6 inches by 30 feet, the steps of which are 6 feet long; the landings are supported by Doric pilasters and entablature, surmounted by columns and entablature after the example of the choragic monument of Lysistratus; this colonnade continues along the vestibule, forming the entrance from the stairs to the grand hall. Above the last named columns in the staircase there is to be a dome of 23 feet diameter, surmounted by a cupola. The external part is covered with cement. The east, west, and north sides have Doric porticos, after the proportion of the temple of Theseus, above which are porticos of the enriched Ionic order, from the proportions of the temple of Erectheus; the entablatures and pilasters of each of these orders continue round the building.

The West Market forms a corresponding frontage with the Town Hall, as high as the Doric order only, having a road between them of 58 feet wide; the annual revenue of the present market is about two thousand pounds.

The design of this building certainly reflects great credit on the talents of Mr. Cooper, and we have no doubt, when the edifice is completed, it will do honour to the abilities of the contractor, Mr. Doubleday.

The Chain Pier.—A handsome esplanade, the entrance to which is opposite the eastern front of the Albion Hotel, conducts to this noble structure. It was projected by Captain Brown, R.N., and, under his superintendence, was commenced in October, 1822, completed in October, 1823, and opened on the 25th of the following month. Thus in the short space of twelve months was executed one of the most elegant marine structures in the world; and which, both as an object of utility and ornament, is a splendid addition to the attractions of this favourite place of fashionable resort. The foundation consists of four clusters of piles, 258 feet distant, driven nearly 10 feet into the rock, and rising 13 feet above high-water mark. These piles are strongly braced together with framings, to render them better able to withstand the fury of Neptune. The three first

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clusters contain twenty piles each, and over each rise two towers of cast iron, 25 feet high, united at the apex by an arch. The interiors of these towers are neatly fitted up for the sale of books, prints, and confectionary. The fourth, or outermost cluster, consists of a hundred and fifty piles; at the top of this clump is a platform 80 feet long, paved with two hundred tons of Purbeck stone, and beneath are galleries and flights of steps for the convenience of embarkation. The whole length of the pier is 1134 feet, and it is 13 feet in width, with an iron railing on each side; it is supported by eight chains, each containing a hundred and seventeen links, 10 feet long, and 6¼ inches in circumference, and weighing 112 lbs. These chains are inserted in an excavation of the cliff under the New Steyne, and there secured by an iron plate weighing 25 cwt.; from thence they pass (four on each side) with a dip of 18 feet, over the iron towers, from the outermost of which they are conveyed under the water, and there embedded with immense weights also attached to their ends. From these chains are suspended three hundred and sixty-two rods, connected by an iron bar, upon which the platform rests.

The esplanade and bridge form a pleasant promenade, the entrance to which is through toll-gates: the demand for each foot passenger is twopence. The expense of the whole was estimated at 27,000*l.* but has exceeded 30,000*l.* which was defrayed by shares of 50*l.* and 100*l.*

The steam packets for Dieppe take in their passengers at the end of the Chain Pier. A gun is fired an hour before the time of sailing, and a blue flag, pierced with white, hoisted on the staff as a signal; and on the arrival of a packet a gun is fired, and a red flag, pierced with white, is hoisted.

The County Hospital is situated near St. George's Chapel on the road to Kemp Town. It was set on foot by the Earl of Egremont in 1813, who at the time generously offered to contribute 1000*l.* to which he subsequently contributed another donation of similar amount. A considerable sum, however, was still wanting, and the design was delayed till the year 1826, when the first stone was laid by the noble Earl. The ground on which the hospital is erected, valued at 1000*l.* with a similar sum in money, were given by another great patron of Brighton, T. R. Kemp, Esq. M. P.

The institution is maintained by subscriptions. Each subscriber of two guineas being a governor, and enabled to recommend annually one in-patient, and so on in proportion. Every donor of twenty-five guineas is a governor for life, and has the same privileges as the subscriber of two guineas. Not only is relief afforded to the inhabitants of the county, but patients will be received, on the recommendation of a governor, provided they are not in the several states of disease specifically mentioned in the prospectus of the institution. Accidents are received immediately, without recommendation. There is also a fever-ward in a building detached from the hospital, subject to the same regulations as above, in which every patient must be provided with two changes of linen, and pay five shillings weekly during his stay at the place, and the four first weeks in advance. The

funds of the establishment are at present in a most flourishing condition, and the benefits which are derived from the institution are very extensive.

Poor House. — The present building, which was commenced in 1821, is situated on Church-hill, on a spot particularly adapted for such an establishment, from the airiness of its situation. The house is 191 feet in length, and is divided into four distinct parts, in order to class its inmates in the most regular manner. The central division consists of an entrance-hall, working-room, and committee-room for the examination of applicants, the overseer's and clerk's office, and the governor's room, and also proper sleeping apartments. Adjoining these rooms to the north are apartments for females, including sick persons, lying-in women, children in the nursery, and all females who are not capable of executing laborious work. In the next division of the house, which forms the north wing, are wards for males not capable of doing hard work. These wards are 50 feet in length and 25 feet in depth, and consist of sleeping-rooms, eating-rooms, proper places for the sick, and a school for boys. The southern division of the house adjoining to the centre, comprises apartments for females who are able to work; the upper story of which is divided into sleeping-rooms, and the lower stories consist of work-rooms, a school-room, and an eating-room. The south wing, which forms the next division, is of the same dimensions as that on the north, and is separated into sleeping-rooms, an eating-room, and a work-room. Each of these divisions opens into a separate yard. That belonging to the south wing contains in it a mill for grinding corn, a manufactory of very excellent whiting, and workshops for dressing flax, carding wool, &c. The flour consumed in the house is ground by the paupers, who also manufacture and make up their own clothing, and prepare for sale, whiting, ropes, cords, door-mats, rugs, sacking of every description, and other articles. Behind the central division already mentioned is a lofty kitchen, a wash-house, brew-house, bake-house, and a very spacious laundry, in the fitting-up and furnishing of which every regard has been paid to the cleanliness, convenience, and comfort of the inmates. There is a garden of about nine acres attached to the workhouse.

The poor are under the superintendence of forty directors and guardians, thirty of whom are chosen annually by the inhabitants in vestry; the others are ex-officio directors and guardians, viz. the vicar, high constable, three churchwardens, four overseers, and surgeon.

Barracks.—The cavalry barracks, erected in 1795, are situated about a mile from Brighton, on the Lewes-road. They are calculated to contain six hundred and twenty-five private soldiers and non-commissioned officers. The south wing contains the officers' apartments, consisting of twenty-two rooms, together with rooms for the servants, and the mess, the barrack-master's office, the riding school, kitchens, &c. The granaries and forage barns form a distinct building in the centre, whilst the north wing is composed of thirty rooms for soldiers, with stables underneath. The military kitchen and other offices are detached, which

adds much to the health and comfort of the men. The hospital, a neat and commodious building, together with the armourers, smiths, tailors, shoemakers, and saddlers' shops, and the school-room, stand at the northern, and the guard-room and magazine at the southern extremity of the barrack-yard.

The infantry barracks are situated in Church-street, where are accommodations for about four hundred men.

The Battery stands on West Cliff, opposite Artillery Lodge. In order to widen the road, it has recently been re-erected considerably in advance of its former position, and paved and fenced with Portland stone. It mounts six thirty-six pounders, which are very rarely used, on account of the nuisance occasioned to the inhabitants of the immediate vicinity; even the practice of firing a salute on the arrival of the Royal Family has been discontinued. The gunner's house and powder magazine are behind the battery.

The New Custom-house, which was commenced in 1830 on the site of the old one, in the King's-road, between West-street and Middle-street, deserves to be ranked among the most interesting improvements in Brighton. The plan is one which is capable of affording every convenience requisite in such a building. The regulations of the revenue are in every respect closely attended to, and the searches, as well personal as of boxes and other luggage, are very strict. The duty on bound books, one shilling and twopence per pound; on unbound books, elevenpence; engravings, not coloured, one penny each, coloured, twopence; all fancy goods, fifty per cent.

The objects which next claim our attention, are the National and British Schools. They might, indeed, have been reserved for that section which relates to benevolent institutions; but since the edifices in which they are conducted, especially the former, are such as, in their character of public buildings, attract the notice of the stranger, it has been deemed more proper to introduce them in this department.

In the National Schools, which are situated in Church-street, the Gothic style of architecture is preserved throughout. The front, which faces the New-road, presents the usual *avance* of the windows on each side of the grand entrance, and a left wing; it will probably be rendered uniform by the addition of one on the right when opportunity admits. There is a shield with a scroll over the arched door-way of the principal entrance, worked in cement. The shield contains the arms of the town of Brighthelmstone, and the scroll the inscription "National Schools."

Entering by the grand door into the vestibule, or hall, three tiers of balconies present themselves to view, having staircases leading to them, and conducting to the several suites of rooms. This hall is fifty feet high, and terminated by a groined roof. On the ground floor there is, on the right, the book depository of the Lewes Deanery Branch of the Society for promoting Christian

Knowledge, in which attendance is given daily from ten till five, for the purpose of supplying applicants with books; and on the left is the master's parlour; behind these are various apartments. Mounting an easy and elegant flight of stone steps the visitor arrives at the Boys' School-room, which is well lighted from the west, and has an entrance in Regent-street for the boys. This room is 75 feet long, 35 wide, and 20 high, boarded about 3 feet high all round, and curiously ventilated. Several rows of pillars in this room serve to support the Girls' School-room above. The access to this last-mentioned room is by two additional flights of stone stairs; the first flight conducts to the committee-room of the Lewes Deanery Society, which is immediately over their depository, and a connecting balcony forms the communication with the committee-room of the National Schools on the left. The next flight of stairs conducts to the Girls' School-room, of similar dimensions with the boys'. This building is a magnificent monument of the benevolence and enterprise of the worthy vicar, the Rev. J. M. Wagner, and his respected colleagues, and is equally creditable to ths general supporters of it. In 1829 upwards of four thousand pounds had been expended in the erection; since that period a further expenditure has been incurred in buildings promoting the uniformity and beauty of the whole structure. These latter erections are not now employed for the general purposes of the institution, but they may be made available at any time. The school in Church-street which we have been describing is called the Central, to which are attached branch schools in Warwick-street and Upper Gardener-street.—In the central establishment the general committee of the National Schools for the eastern division of the county, hold their meetings; and here masters are trained for the various branch establishments. The Branch Schools in Warwick-street have a boys' room on the ground floor, and one for girls immediately over; also an Infants' School-room, with residences over it. The ground on which these buildings are erected was given by N. Kemp, Esq.; and the spacious play-ground attached to them was presented by W. Trocke, Esq. The Branch Infant School in Upper Gardener-street is conducted by a governess. The room is spacious, and peculiarly adapted for its particular purpose. Attached is a cottage residence.

In the several schools are now upwards of twelve hundred children. They assemble in the rooms on the Sunday for the purpose of proceeding, under the superintendance of their instructors, to church, or places of worship connected with the establishment. Nearly four hundred of the children are clothed by means of a fund provided by the bequests of deceased benefactors, the subscriptions of a penny a week from each of the children so clothed, and voluntary contributions. The King is patron of the institution, and contributes twenty guineas annually to its funds; the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Chichester is one of the committee; and the Rev. H. M. Wagner and the Rev. Thomas Cooke are the honorary secretaries; treasurers—Messrs. Hall, West, and Borrer, Union Bank, North-street.

The British Schools and School of Industry, in Upper Edward-street,

near the County Hospital, next claim our attention. The system of teaching adopted in these schools is very similar to that recommended by the British and Foreign School Society. They were founded in 1825, by Montague Burgoyne, Esq. The buildings of the institution consist of the Boys' School-room, in a line with the street, and joining the upper end of this row, and running in a transverse direction are the Girls' and Infants' School-rooms. On the left of these are a laundry, drying-ground, and spacious play-ground; and on the right are the master's house and another spacious play-ground. The Boys' School-room is 70 feet long, 35 wide, and 40 feet high, to the top of the lantern sky-light. The Girls' School-room, on the right of the latter, is 45 feet long and 35 wide; and the Infants' School-room, on the left, is of similar dimensions. The School of Industry connected with this establishment claims particular notice; by its means the children are not only taught to read, write, &c., but they are prepared for the various stations they may occupy in after life. A lending library is also attached to these schools, for the exclusive use of the scholars. There are now upwards of two hundred and sixty children in these schools.

The treasurer is R. Tamplin, Esq., Richmond-terrace. The secretaries are the Rev. J. N. Goulty, 13, Western-road, and D. P. Hack, Lansdowne Villa, Richmond-terrace.

His Majesty is an annual subscriber of ten guineas to this institution.

Conducted on the same principles as the above, and being under the management of nearly the same gentlemen, are the Union Schools, in Middle-street. These were established in 1805, and from that period to the present time upwards of two thousand six hundred boys have been received into this institution, one thousand four hundred and seventeen of whom have left the school and entered upon various employments. The number of boys now in the schools is two hundred and fifty, and of girls one hundred and thirty. The buildings are of red brick, unembellished, but commodious, and consist of a boys' school-room, 80 feet long and 40 wide; a girls' school-room, about 40 feet long and 30 wide; and of the master's dwelling-house.

His Majesty is also an annual subscriber of ten guineas to the funds of this institution.

The treasurer is William Wigney, Esq., Brighton Bank, 60, Great East-street. The secretary is Mr. G. Kemp, 11, North-street.

ECCLESIASTICAL EDIFICES.

The Parish Church, dedicated to the patron of fishermen, St. Nicholas, claims regard for its antiquity, but certainly not for its grandeur. Its situation is commanding, being nearly on the summit of the hill on which the western part of Brighton stands; but its interior excites little interest, the most remarkable feature being the tracery of the east window, which is of Edward the Third's time. It

is built of flint, stone, and grout-work, and at different periods has been repaired and modernized in the most barbarous taste; at the west end is an embattled tower, which opens to the nave by a high pointed arch. The interior consists of a chancel, nave, and side aisles, together with a small chapel on the south side of the former, (the piscina of which is still remaining), but of much later date. The nave is divided from the aisles by five pointed arches, resting on octagonal columns, the capitals of which are concealed by the galleries, which run entirely round the nave. In the western gallery, which occupies two intercolumniations, is a good organ; and the eastern is supported by an elegant screen of oak, beautifully carved. In the centre of the church is an extremely curious font, undoubtedly of great antiquity. It is circular, and highly enriched with basso relievos from Scripture history. This church, by the addition of its spacious galleries, has been rendered capable of accommodating one thousand eight hundred persons. In the tower is a good peal of eight bells.

The living is a discharged vicarage, valued in the king's books at 20*l.* 2*s.* 1½*d.* and in the gift of the Bishop of Chichester. The rectory of West Blatchington, distant about two miles and a half, is annexed to the vicarage, the church having fallen into decay nearly a century ago.

The church-yard was enlarged in 1818, and is now of considerable extent. Few of the epitaphs possess any elegance in their composition; and still fewer display originality. A large head-stone, standing on the right of the path leading up to the church, records an instance of extraordinary longevity, and is thus inscribed:

"To the memory of Phœbe Hessel, who was born at Stepney in the year 1713; she served, for many years, as a private soldier in the 5th regiment of foot, in different parts of Europe; and in the year 1745, fought under the command of the Duke of Cumberland, at the battle of Fontenoy, where she received a bayonet wound in her arm. Her long life, which commenced in the reign of Queen Anne, extended to George the Fourth, by whose munificence she received comfort and support in her latter years. She died at Brighton, where she had long resided, December 12th, 1821, aged 108 years, and lies buried here."

Near the edge of the foot-path on the south side of the church are the remains of an ancient stone cross, consisting of a broken pedestal and shaft, raised on four steps.

The view from the church-yard, extending over the whole town, cannot be exceeded in interest, though it may be in picturesque. The apparently innumerable habitations of men, on which the beholders seem almost to tread, interspersed with buildings of more than ordinary elegance and variety, (among which the Palace, the Town Hall, and the New Church, exhibiting specimens of Eastern, Grecian, and Gothic architecture, are peculiarly conspicuous,) and having the blue expanse of the ocean for a back-ground, furnish a *coup d'œil* extremely rare, if not unique.

St. Peter's Church.—This elegant structure, as we have already observed in our general description, is situate on a triangular piece of ground, formed by the junction of the London and Lewes roads, called the Level. From the form of the ground it became necessary to build the church with the communion table towards the north, instead of the east, as is usual in churches of the establishment. The building is a parallelogram, with a semi-hexagonal termination at the north, and a handsome tower at the south end. The style of architecture adopted throughout this church is of the period of Edward the Third, or the highly enriched order of English architecture. The lower part of the tower, to an equal height with the celestory of the church, is partly concealed by an outer tower, in three sides of which are large pointed arches, with pedimental canopies, crocketed, and attached pinnacles on each side. The tower has in each of its faces a pointed doorway and window, and the space between the wall and the tower has a neatly groined roof; the portion which rises above the exterior wall has octagonal buttresses at the angles, ending in similar turrets to those belonging to the outer tower. In each face is a handsome clock dial, and above it a pointed window of two lights, with trefoil heads, and a quatrefoil enclosed in a circle in the sweep of the arch. All these windows are filled with weather boarding. The finish of the tower is a very elegant pierced battlement, with a small pinnacle in the centre of each face. The east and west sides of the church are divided into five portions, by buttresses of two gradations, which finish above the parapet in very elegant pinnacles, cocketed, and terminating in finials; in each of the divisions is a large pointed window of three lights. Each window has a weather cornice resting on human heads, exquisitely carved. The celestory, which ranges with the lower portion of the tower, and has a similar parapet, is made into six divisions by buttresses, without gradations, ending in pinnacles; in each division is a square-headed window of two lights, trefoil heads, and intersecting arches, with a quatrefoil in the centre. The north end of the aisle has a similar window. Each front of the semi-hexagon, at the north end of the church, is adorned with buttresses, with pointed niches, and pedimental heads rising above the church in rich crocketed pinnacles.

The interior, which is very spacious, is equally splendid. The tower forms a spacious porch, with a staircase on each side leading to the gallery. Beyond this is an ante-porch or vestibule to the church, with a pointed door of entrance. The aisles are divided from the body by five pointed arches resting on a union of four cylinders, the exterior one rising to the clerestory, and terminating in a foliated capital, which serves to support the groining of the roof. The latter is plainly ribbed with bosses at the intersections, of foliage, &c. Above the arches of separation of the nave from the aisles is a neat string course, and above it the clerestory window, which is pointed, and has beneath it two quatrefoil panels, with blank shields. One entire intercolumniation at the south end is occupied by a transverse gallery, which is continued on the east and west sides of the church. The supporters of the south gallery are made into three divisions, the two lateral ones have depressed arches, the centre one is more pointed, with

quatrefoil tracery in the angles, and above it are three panels; the centre one has the royal arms painted in an antique style, and the others have blank shields. Beneath is the following inscription:

"This church was consecrated on the 25th day of January, 1828, by the Right Rev. Robert James Carr, D.D. Lord Bishop of Chichester. H. M. Wagner, A.M. Vicar."

and the names of the curate, evening lecturer, and the churchwardens. Behind the south gallery, and considerably above it, is another, supported by two clusters of small cylinders, in which is a splendid organ. The semi-hexagon at the north end of the church is separated from the body by an exquisite screen, at each end of which is a pointed entrance to the vestry. Above this is a range of panelling, with cinquefoil heads, and an enriched cornice of foliage work, with a finish of strawberry leaves set upright. In the centre are three panels of dead gold, with the Decalogue, Lord's Prayer, and Belief, in antique characters, with initial letters in scarlet, and the others in blue, the whole having the appearance of a Roman missal. At each side of the tablets, and slightly projecting from the design, is a niche, or seat, with pinnacles at the angles; the canopy is very beautiful, with crockets, pendants, &c. The pulpit and reading desk are octagonal, and each stands on a pillar formed by a union of several cylinders. They stand on opposite sides of the middle aisle, according to the present fashion.

This magnificent church is built of Purbeck stone, and will reflect lasting credit on C. Barry, Esq., the architect. Its dimensions are 150 feet from south to north, by about 70 from east to west, and will accommodate about one thousand eight hundred persons. The architect's estimate was 14,703*l.* 9*s.* 5*d.* The first stone was laid on the 1st of May, 1824, by Dr. Carr, then vicar of Brighton, but now bishop of Chichester. The superb service of plate for the communion is the gift of the Earl of Egremont. The ground round the church is extensive, and planted with trees. The whole is surrounded by an iron palisade of Gothic work.

The Chapel Royal is in Prince's-place, North-street; owing to the great increase of inhabitants and visitants it was considered necessary to erect this chapel of ease. The foundation stone was laid in the year 1793, by his late Majesty, then Prince of Wales. It is a neat plain building, and will accommodate about one thousand persons. Service at a quarter-past eleven, and three, on Sundays, and on Wednesdays and Fridays at eleven. The chaplain is the Rev. J. B. Urquhart.

St. James's Chapel is situated on the north side of St. James's-street; it was erected in the year 1810 as a free chapel. It was afterwards occupied by the Dissenters till 1817, at which period it reverted to the jurisdiction of the church, and is now considered as a chapel of ease to the parish. It is a neat and very commodious building, with galleries, and has seats sufficient to accommodate upwards of eight hundred persons. Chaplain, the Rev. C. D. Maitland. Service on Sundays at eleven A.M., and half-past six, P.M.

St. Margaret's Chapel is situated in St. Margaret's-place, Cannon-place, King's-road. It was opened as a chapel of ease in 1825. It is a very neat edifice, of the Ionic order, from a design of Mr. Clark. It is elegantly fitted up, and is capable of containing about one thousand persons. Time of service—morning at a quarter before eleven, and afternoon at three. The chaplain is the Rev. H. J. Tayler.

Trinity Chapel, situated in Ship-street, was built in the year 1817, from a plan of Mr. H. Wilds, by T. R. Kemp, Esq., M. P. It was held by Dissenters till 1825, when it was purchased by the Rev. Robert Anderson. It has since undergone considerable alterations, and is now used as a chapel of ease. The style of architecture is Grecian Doric. The entrance is under a portico, supported by four stone pillars. The interior is extremely handsome; a small done which rises in the centre of the building not only aids the light, but gives a free ventilation of air. The chapel will hold eight hundred persons. Time of service—morning at eleven, and afternoon at half-past three. The chaplain is the Rev. R. Anderson.

St. George's Chapel, situated at the east end of Royal-crescent, Marine-parade, is a handsome building, with Ionic columns, about 85 feet in length and 45 in width, built under the direction of Messrs. Wilds and Busby, architects. It contains seats for twelve hundred persons. Time of service—morning at eleven, and afternoon at three. Chaplain, the Rev. J. S. M. Anderson.

St. Mary's Chapel is opposite the Earl of Egremont's, at the upper end of St. James's-street; it is a fine specimen of the Grecian Doric, and does credit to the judgment of the architect, Mr. H. Wilds. Service at eleven and three. Chaplain, the Rev. H. V. Elliot.

St. Andrew's Chapel, Brunswick-terrace, was completed in 1828, from a design of the Italian style, by Mr. Barry, and consecrated the same year by the Bishop of Chichester. The chaplain is the Rev. E. Everard, D.D.

DISSENTING CHAPELS.

Union-streen Chapel.—The Congregational, or Independent Dissenters, have a commodious and elegant chapel, situate in Union-street, leading from the upper end of Ship-street. The pastor of the church is the Rev. John Nelson Goulty. The services at the chapel are held twice on the sabbath, in the morning at eleven, and evening at half-past six; and on every Monday and Friday evenings at seven o'clock. This chapel was first built in Brighton after the repeal of the Nonconformists' Act, and the glorious Revolution of 1688. It was erected in the year 1699. At this time, and for many years afterwards, the

principal inhabitants of the town were Dissenters. Nearly all the landed proprietors appear to have been trustees.

The Countess of Huntingdon's Chapel is situated in North-street, opposite the New-road. The Right Hon. Selina, Countess of Huntingdon, the founder of this chapel, was induced to reside at Brighton by the illness of her youngest son. The Rev. George Whitefield visited Brighton in the year 1759, and at first preached in a field behind the White Lion Inn, where numerous congregations attended his ministry. A small Christian society was afterwards established, and, encouraged by the interest excited by the preaching of Mr. Whitefield, her ladyship, in 1761, erected, at her own expense, a small chapel contiguous to her house, in North-street. In 1767 it underwent an enlargement, and was re-opened March 20th, by the Rev. G. Whitefield. The edifice, however, was soon found to be too small for the congregation, and in 1774 was taken down and rebuilt, chiefly at the expense of Miss Orton. In the year 1788 a front gallery was erected, by the voluntary subscriptions of several friends, chiefly for the accommodation of the Sunday-school; and in the years 1810-11 a further alteration was effected, by throwing open to the chapel a large parlour, by means of folding-doors, principally for the accommodation of visitors, building a fourth gallery for the poor and the children of the school, and erecting a minister's vestry behind the pulpit. These successive alterations rendered the chapel capable of containing about a thousand persons; in the year 1822, however, it was again deemed expedient to enlarge the chapel by enclosing a piece of ground at the south end; and on Sunday, April 19th, 1823, the venerable Rowland Hill preached at the re-opening. The chapel will now contain nearly fifteen hundred persons. Its exterior is concealed from the public view by the house of the officiating ministers. Every becoming attention is paid to the visitants, for whose use the seats in front of the pulpit are fitted up in a very neat style. A considerable portion of the ground-floor is devoted to free sittings for the poor. Time of service—morning at half-past ten, evening at six, and on Tuesday and Thursday evenings at seven o'clock.

Salem Chapel, situated in Bond-street, North-street, is a neat building, belonging to the Particular or Calvinistic Baptists. It was erected in 1787, and enlarged and improved in 1825; it will hold about eight hundred persons. Time of service—morning at eleven, afternoon at three, evening at half-past six, and on Monday and Wednesday evenings at seven. Minister, Rev. T. Savory.

Wesleyan Chapel.—This neat and respectable building is situated in Dorset-place, but the entrance to it is from St. James's-street. It was erected in 1808. The number of sittings is about seven hundred. There is, of course, no settled pastor to the congregation, but it is supplied by ministers appointed by the Conference. Hours of service—Sunday morning at half-past ten, afternoon at

three, evening at half-past six. Wednesday evening at seven. Prayer-meeting, Friday, at seven.

Providence Chapel, situated in Church-street, was erected in 1805, since which time considerable alterations have been made, and it will now accommodate eight hundred persons. That the sentiments of its attendants are of the ultra-calvinistic school is sufficiently indicated by the following exclusive and arrogant inscription placed conspicuously in front of the building:

"This chapel was erected from the free-will offerings of the Israel of God."

Time of service—Sunday evening at six o'clock. Minister, Rev. J. Vinall.

Hanover Chapel.—This elegant and convenient building, belonging to the Independent denomination, is situated in Church-street; it was opened for public worship August 30th, 1825. We are informed that it was erected at the expense of four thousand pounds, by the Rev. Mr. Edwards, late of Pilworth, who is the present minister. It is calculated to seat about one thousand two hundred persons. The large burying-ground adjoining belongs to the chapel, and is free for all denominations. Time of service—morning at eleven, afternoon at three, evening at half-past six, and on Wednesday evening at seven.

Ebenezer Chapel, situated in Richmond-street, Grand-parade, belongs to the denomination of Particular Baptists; it will seat seven hundred persons. Time of service—morning at eleven, and evening at half-past six. Minister, Rev. J. Sedgewick.

Mr. Faithful's Chapel.—This edifice is situated in Church-street, nearly opposite the entrance to the Royal Mews, and is enclosed by very elegant cast-iron gates. The front, which is after the purest specimen of Grecian Doric, consists of four fluted columns supporting an entablature, with a pediment fronting each way; above is a cupola, on the right and left of which is a dwarf rusticated wall, extending the entire front of the building. On entering the chapel you ascend a few steps into a recess, in front of which are two massive fluted columns, with antæ pilasters of the Ionic order supporting an entablature, with a pediment, elegantly enriched. The interior of the chapel is neatly fitted up with pews, lined with baize throughout. The galleries, to which you ascend by geometrical stairs, are supported by fluted Ionic columns; the entablature and attic is formed on the front of the gallery, and the whole highly enriched. The pulpit is constructed on a similar principle to the galleries, and on a level with them both; on the right and left is a pedestal, on which is a light bronzed pillar supporting a globular lamp. Behind the pulpit, and on the same level, is a commodious pew appropriated to the use of Mr. Faithfull's family. At the back of the circular pew are two massive fluted Ionic columns, with antæ pilasters;

above is an entablature extending round the entire chapel, highly enriched; at the south end of the chapel, in a recess, is a very handsome organ, much admired for the mellowness of its tone. The windows are uniformly arranged, and have marginal squares glazed with painted glass, which has a graceful appearance. The architecture is in the Grecian taste, and is an excellent specimen of the abilities of the architect, Mr. Cooper, and the builder, Mr. Lynn.

The Unitarian Chapel, in the New-road, although of moderate dimensions, being only 45 feet by 38 feet, is an imposing edifice, in the style of a Greek temple. The whole front is occupied by a massive Doric portico, on the freeze of which is placed the following inscription:

Μονω Θεω δια Ιησοϛ Χριστου Δοχα.

The architect is Mr. H. Wilds. It will accommodate about four hundred persons. Times of service—eleven, A.M., half-past six, P.M. Minister, the Rev. J. P. Mallason.

Zion Chapel, Upper Bedford-street, is in the Independent connexion; it was erected in 1827. Minister, Rev. E. Lambert. Service on Sundays at eleven, three, and half-past six, and on Mondays and Fridays at seven.

Bethel Chapel, in West-street, was erected by the zealous and benevolent exertions of a few individuals, chiefly for the use of the fishermen of Brighton. Lord Mandeville, Captain Gambier, and H. Drummond, Esq. are trustees. Minister, the Rev. Isaac Orchard. Service at ten and six on Sundays, and Wednesday evening at seven.

London-road Chapel is a very neat edifice in the Countess of Huntingdon's connexion. It was erected under the direction of Mr. Simpson, architect, and was completed in July, 1830. Service on Sundays at eleven, three, and half-past six.

The Friends' Meeting House is a neat building, in Ship-street. Meetings are held on the first day at ten and five, from the fourth to the ninth month, and between the ninth and fourth months at ten and three; and on the fifth day at ten o'clock in the morning.

Huntingtonian Chapel.—A room, situated in Union-street, is occupied by a congregation professing to hold the sentiments of the celebrated William Huntington; it will accommodate about two hundred persons. Time of service—morning, at eleven; evening, at six.

The Ranters, a new sect, seceded from the Wesleyan Methodists, have a chapel in Cavendish-street.

The Roman Catholic Chapel is a plain building in High-street, near St. James's-street. The officiating priest is the Rev. E. Mc Cullen. Mass on Sundays at ten A. M. and three P. M.

The Jews' Synagogue, in Devonshire-place, is a small square building, standing in an enclosed space, at a little distance from the road. The minister is Rabbi Levi. Service on the Jewish sabbath, at eight in the morning, and two in the afternoon.

IV. ACCOMMODATIONS FOR RESIDENCE.

In this section we propose to give some brief notices of the situation and characteristics of the principal Hotels, Boarding Houses, and some general observations on lodgings. Certainly there is no town in the kingdom can boast of a greater variety of residences, suited to every taste; a circumstance that will always exercise a very favourable influence on the decision of gentlemen and families when selecting a spot in which they may enjoy the benefits of the sea breeze with the greatest comfort. That we may do justice both to the public and the proprietors and conductors of the several concerns we shall have to notice, we shall divide them into three classes; 1. Those facing the sea; 2. Those having a view of the sea; 3. Those in the interior.

HOTELS FACING THE SEA.

The Norfolk Hotel.—As we shall commence our notices at the most westerly point, the Norfolk, in the King's-road, kept by Mr. P. Walton, will occupy the first place. Although not so imposing in appearance as some more recent erections, the situation and conveniences of this house have always rendered it the resort of a large portion of the nobility and gentry who visit Brighton. We can of course mean no reflection upon the conductors of this fashionable tavern, to whom the observation has no reference—but we never enjoy its accommodations without being reminded of an occurrence indicative of the importance of beauty and accomplishments never being separated from virtue.

The Bedford Hotel occurs next in the series of those which face the sea. It is situated in the King's-road, near Oriental-place. This edifice has incontestably the most magnificent aspect of any edifice of this description in Brighton, and as an architectural object, deserves a somewhat minute description. The architect, Mr. T. Cooper, who is also the proprietor, has happily combined elegance with simplicity in the decoration of the whole building. The architecture of the lower part of the principal front is the Grecian Doric, composed of pilasters suitably arranged to support the order above, which is a colonnade of Ionic columns, also in the Grecian taste, supporting an entablature with dentels. The attic pilasters are pleasingly plain and the arrangement quite original, there being

two stories above the Ionic entablature, the pilasters being the whole height, finished with a plain attic cornice.

The interior is equally deserving attention. On entering this building at the south front, you ascend a range of steps into the entrance hall, leading to the grand hall, which is 40 feet square and 44 feet high; a colonnade is formed round the hall of Doric columns, with enriched entablature; the hall is paved with Portland stone throughout. On the ground floor there are no less than thirty rooms, including the spacious coffee and dining rooms. On the north side of the grand hall is the principal staircase; the steps are also of Portland stone, branching right and left, leading to the one-pair floor, and also to the colonnade round the grand hall of the Ionic order, beautifully enriched. Above the entablature of the Ionic order are arches tastefully decorated, and of the whole extent of the hall, supporting a glass dome, with an elegantly enriched centre flower, heightened with gold. The colonnade is paved with Portland stone throughout, and communicates with upwards of thirty rooms, disposed in the most suitable manner. A massive balcony extends the whole length of the centres of the south and west fronts, and the windows of the wings are accompanied by elegant basket balconies. The whole building covers upwards of twenty thousand superficial feet of ground, containing nearly two hundred rooms. There is also stabling for a hundred horses, and a coach-house about 100 feet by 60 feet.

The accommodation is in every respect equal to the other advantages of the hotel, and its proximity to the New Esplanade, and the most fashionable parts of the town, render it a most distinguished resort.

The Sea-House Hotel is also in the King's-road, though considerably to the eastward of the Bedford, and has a full view of the sea. It is rendered very convenient by the excellent management of the occupant, Mr. T. Scarnell.

The Old Ship Tavern.—Among the numerous hotels, the Old Ship has long been one of the most distinguished; and since the conversion of the Castle Tavern into the palatial chapel, it again forms the only public assembly house in Brighton. It is situated at the south-east angle of Ship-street, and, in the hands of Mr. L. Shuckard, has lost nothing of its original character for excellent management and superior accommodation. Its situation commands a fine view of the road and beach, as well as of the ocean.

The Gun Tavern, on the East Cliff, has very elegant accommodations, and is resorted to by very genteel company. Its situation is equally favourable with that which we have already mentioned; and those who may make it their temporary residence, will not experience any lack of assiduity or attention from its occupier, Mr. Harrison.

The Star and Garter, kept by Mr. Boxall, is also on the East Cliff. It is neither so elegant in its exterior, nor so extensive as some of its competitors;

but its situation is extremely pleasant and very convenient, and the charge moderate. It is much frequented by commercial gentlemen.

The Royal York Hotel is situate upon the Steyne, on which the coffee room opens, by sliding sashes descending to the floor. There is a spacious dining-room, capable of accommodating one hundred persons, which, by sliding partitions, may be divided into separate apartments. The first floor is admirably arranged, and divided into sitting-rooms; and the bed-chambers, which are light and airy, are replete with every convenience. A most important improvement has been recently made by the spirited proprietor, Mr. Parsons, by the purchase of the two houses at the east end of the hotel, which, being added to the apartments, very much increase their convenience, and afford a very interesting view of the Marine-parade and the Chain Pier.

The Albion Hotel is erected at the southern extremity of the Steyne, adjoining the Grand Junction-parade, facing the sea, and combining every thing which the most convenient situation and enchanting prospects can render desirable. The scale on which it is built affords space for every requisite accommodation, and nothing is spared to render it one of the first concerns of its kind in the kingdom. It is conducted by Mr. R. Stuckey.

The Marine Hotel, Marine-parade, kept by Mrs. James, is very agreeably situated, and is frequented by some of the most gay visitors of this fashionable place of resort.

The New Steyne Hotel, St. James's-street, situated, as its title indicates, at the upper end of the New Steyne, combines the advantage of facing the sea with that of being in the town. Its prospect is peculiarly interesting, as it commands a direct view of the pier, which is at the opposite end of the New Steyne, and which generally presents a scene of life and gaiety to the inmates of the hotel. This establishment is of the most respectable description, and principally resorted to by families of distinction. It is conducted by Mr. R. Mott. Warm and cold sea-water baths, upon the most improved construction, are appended to the hotel.

The Bush Hotel, at Kemp Town, is a spacious and elegant structure, and during the season is considerably frequented by families of distinction and rank. When the remaining houses in the vicinity are completed and occupied, by personages as distinguished as the Duke of Devonshire and the Marquis of Bristol, it cannot be doubted that Messrs. Jones and Co. will have overflowing houses at the Bush.

HOTELS HAVING A VIEW OF THE SEA.

In this class we must mention first that most elegantly furnished mansion, the Club House, 55, Old Steyne. This establishment is conducted by Mr.

Humphrey, but is only open to subscribers, who are chosen by ballot, and constitute a very select association.

The New Ship, in Ship-street, is a highly respectable hotel; and although it does not face the sea, it is so near, that the apartments command a very pleasing view of it. It is conducted by Mr. L. Saunders, whose attentions to the convenience and comfort of his visitors we have no doubt are mutually beneficial. The mail arriving at this hotel, renders it peculiarly convenient for many gentlemen who cannot leave London till a late hour.

The White Horse, in Great East-street, is spacious and convenient, and the civility and attention of its conductor, Mr. Hodd, insures the continued visits of its frequenters.

The following Hotels and Taverns have also a view of the sea, and are highly respectable, though of minor dimensions or of less note than those already mentioned; but their charges are proportionate to the conveniences they possess.

The Egremont Arms, Norfolk-square.

The Kerrison Arms, Waterloo-street, Hove, Mr. Ireland.

The Rising Sun, East-street, Mr. R. Neighbour.

The White Lion, North-street, Mrs. Vincent.

HOTELS IN THE INTERIOR.

Several of these are scarcely, if at all, inferior in any respect to those immediately on the coast.

The Pavilion Hotel, in Castle-square, conducted by Mr. E. Savage, is advantageously situated for the convenience of visitors, being in the immediate vicinity of nearly all the coach-offices. The accommodations are of the most elegant and superior character.

The Clarence Hotel, in North-street, is an establishment of the first respectability. It is conducted by Mr. J. Wilde.

The Gloucester Hotel, Gloucester-place, conducted by Mr. Brierly, is very agreeably situated immediately opposite the delightful shrubbery and garden of the North Steyne, and is frequented by a class of visitors of the first respectability.

Similar observations will apply to the Tavistock Hotel, Grand-parade, kept by Mr. J. Dallmore.

The following constitute the principal remaining Hotels and Inns; our limits will not permit us to notice them all particularly:

The George Inn, West-street, Mr. A. Hubert.

The Golden Cross, Princes-street, Mr. R. Ellis.
The Golden Fleece, Market-street, Mr. Frost.
The Hanover Arms, Lewes-road, Mr. J. Lee.
The King and Queen, Marlborough-place, Mr. S. Long.
The Regent Hotel, New-road, Mr. Stretch.
The Richmond Arms, Richmond-place, Mr. T. Bunting.

BOARDING HOUSES.

The terms of these establishments, which are, many of them, conducted in the most superb style, are from two guineas to as high as ten guineas per week. It is probably correct to say that the most usual price is between three and four guineas per week. We insert a list of the principal Boarding-houses, classed in a similar manner to the Hotels.

FACING THE SEA.

Mrs. Friedman, 27, Brunswick-square.
Mrs. Best, German-place.
Sharp's, 8, Marine-parade.

HAVING A VIEW OF THE SEA.

Mrs. E. Day, 17, German-place.
Mr. D. Dring, 6, Ship-street.
Mrs. Farrar, 6, Montpelier-road, (for children.)
Mrs. Hogg, 74, Western-road, (ladies.)
Mrs. J. Kibble, 16, Cannon-place.
S. Locke, 81, West-street.

IN THE INTERIOR.

Dring and Smithers, 31, Marlborough-place.
Mrs. M'George, 82, Grand-parade.
Mrs. R. Hurleston, 67, Grand-parade.
Mrs. Monniere, 80, Grand-parade.
Mrs. Owen, 12, Western Cottages.
Mrs. Wichelo, 1, Pavilion-colonnade.
Mrs. Elizabeth Wheliere, 17, Devonshire-place.

LODGINGS.

The immense number of houses devoted to the accommodation of visitors precludes the possibility of giving a particular notice of any. The variety, in point of situation, of size, and of price, is so great, that the taste and convenience of the most fastidious, or even the most penurious, can scarcely fail, after a little research, to be fully gratified. The citizen who cannot feel at home unless in a crowded house in a narrow lane, may be suited at Brighton as well as in the metropolis; and the gay and fair inhabitants of the ducal palaces of the West

End may meet with edifices which will leave them little to regret in that respect at their migration; while the healing breeze from the Atlantic will restore to the cheek the beauteous hue which the atmosphere of the metropolis, and its exhausting scenes of gaiety, may have impaired.

V. FACILITIES FOR THE PROMOTION OF HEALTH.

Before we proceed to notice what may be termed the mechanism for the promotion of health, for which Brighton is so justly celebrated, it may not be improper, as a general introduction to the practice of bathing, which forms in its several varieties so important a feature of our work, to give a brief history of the use of the bath, and an analysis of the medical principles essentially connected with it.

Bathing undoubtedly took place first in rivers and in the sea, but men soon learned to enjoy this pleasure in their own houses. Even Homer mentions the use of the bath as an old custom; when Ulysses enters the palace of Circe, a bath is prepared for him, after which he is anointed with costly perfumes, and dressed in rich garments. The bath at this period was the first refreshment offered to the guest; in later times, rooms, both public and private, were built expressly for the purpose of bathing. The public baths of the Greeks were mostly connected with the gymnasia, because they were taken immediately after those athletic exercises. The Romans, in the period of their luxury, imitated the Greeks in this point, and built magnificent baths. The following description applies both to the Greek and Roman baths:—The building which contained them was oblong, and had two divisions, the one for males, the other for females. In both, warm or cold baths could be taken. The warm baths, in both divisions, were adjacent to each other, for the sake of being easily heated. In the midst of the building, on the ground-floor, was the heating-room, by which not only the water for bathing, but sometimes also the floors of the adjacent rooms, were warmed. Above the heating-room was an apartment in which three copper kettles were walled in one above another, so that the lowest was immediately over the fire, the second over the first, and the third over the second. In this way, either boiling, lukewarm, or cold water could be obtained. The water was carried, by separate pipes, provided with cocks, from these kettles into the bathing-rooms, and a fresh supply was immediately poured into the kettles from a reservoir. Close to the heating-room were three separate rooms on each side, for the hot, the lukewarm, and the cold bath. The bathing-rooms had, in the floor, a basin of mason-work, in which there were seats, and round it a gallery, where the bathers remained before they descended into the bath, and where, also, the attendants were. There was also a sweating-room, which was heated by means of flues, and was called *laconicum*. This room had an opening in the ceiling, through which the light fell, and from which was suspended a brazen plate, that could be raised and let down at pleasure, to increase or lessen the

heat. For undressing, for receiving the garments, and for anointing after bathing, there were different rooms; and connected with the bath were walks, covered race-grounds, tennis-courts, and gardens. These buildings, together with a number of bathing-rooms, were necessary for a public bath, which was adorned with splendid furniture, and all the requisites for recreation, and resembled, in its exterior appearance, an extensive palace. Roman luxury, always in search of means for rendering sensual enjoyments more exquisite, in later times, built particular conduits for conducting sea-water to the baths, used mountain snow, and enlarged these establishments in such a way that even their ruins excite admiration.

Among the Asiatics, baths are in general use. The Turks, by their religion, are obliged to make repeated ablutions daily: besides these, men and women must bathe in particular circumstances and at certain times. For this purpose, there is, in every city, a public bath connected with the mosque; and rich private persons possess private bath-houses, adorned with all the objects of Asiatic luxury. Besides these baths, the Turks have also the dry-bath of the ancients. The buildings, which they use for this purpose, are built of stone, and usually contain several rooms, the floors of which are of marble; these rooms are heated by means of pipes, which pass through the walls, and conduct the heated air to every part. After undressing, they wrap themselves up in a cotton coverlet, put on wooden slippers, in order to defend the feet against the heat of the floor, and then enter the bath-room. The hot air soon produces a profuse perspiration; upon which they are washed, wiped dry, combed, and rubbed with a woollen cloth. At last, the whole body is covered with soap, or some other application, which improves the skin. After this bath, they rest upon a bed, and drink coffee, sherbet, or lemonade. The Turkish ladies daily bathe in this manner; the men not so frequently.—A peculiar kind of baths are used in the East Indies, of which Anquetil gives the following account:—"An attendant stretches the bather upon a table, pours over him warm water, and begins, afterwards, with admirable skill, to press and to bend his whole body. All the limbs are extended, and the joints made to crack. After he has done with one side, he goes on with the other; now kneels upon the bather; now takes hold of his shoulders; now causes his spine to crack, by moving the vertebræ; now applies gentle blows to the fleshy and muscular parts. After this, he takes a cloth of hair, and rubs the whole body, removes the hard skin from the feet with pumice-stone, anoints the bather with soap and perfumes, and finishes by shaving and cutting his hair. This treatment lasts about three quarters of an hour, and produces the greatest refreshment. An agreeable feeling pervades the whole body, and ends with a sweet slumber of several hours."—Public baths are common in Europe, and there are, at present, few cities without them.

Having given, what we hope will not be deemed an uninteresting sketch of the history of the bath, in order to present a complete view of the subject, it will be necessary to make a few observations on that quality of the sea-water which gives it a peculiar medical virtue and efficacy. According to some experiments

Kemp, Miss, 46, Western-road.
Kibble, Mrs. 1, St. Margaret's-place.
King, J. Esq. 9, Oriental-place.
Kipping, Captain W. 17, Russell-square.
Kirwen, Matthew, Esq. 29, York-place.
Knapp, John, Esq. Duke-street.
Lamb, —, Esq. 24, Oriental-place.
Langton, Mrs. 20, Western-road.
Lawrance, James, Esq. 2, St. Peter's-place.
Lawson, Mrs. E. 3, Princes-street.
Lempriere, C. Esq. 23, Brunswick-place North.
Lempriere, Mrs. 3, Rose-hill North.
Leney, Mrs. Elizabeth, 31, Bedford-square.
Leney, Mrs. E. 13, Charlotte-street.
Lescher, Mrs. 116, London-road.
Lever, Mrs. 12, York-place.
Levi, Mrs. 15, Marine East.
Lewis, Mrs. Owen, 16, Bloomsbury-place.
Lioney, John, Esq. 5, Marine-square.
Lloyd, Mrs. L. 14, Richmond-terrace.
Lloyd, Colonel J. M. 62, Regency-square.
Lock, Mrs. E. 10, Bedford-square.
Locke, R. Esq. 6, St. George's-place.
Loombs, Mrs. Sylvia, 3, Marine East.
Lyall, J. Esq. 11, Bedford-square.
M'Carthy, —, Esq. 23, New Steyne.
M'George, Mrs. 10, York-place.
M'Kenzie, —, Esq. 1, Silwood-place.
Mackerill, Mrs. C. 4, Old Steyne.
Madden, Mrs. P. 16, Western-road.
Mahon, Mrs. 22, Cannon-place.
Mapplesden, —, Esq. 85, London-road.
Marksby, Mrs. S. 16, Dorset-gardens.
Mars, Captain, 58, London-road.
Marshall, Mrs. 2, Portland-terrace.
Marshall, E. Esq. 17, York-place.
Marshall, Mrs. 56, London-road.
Martin, John, Esq. 16, Hanover-crescent.
Martin, Mrs. Mary, 48, Grand-parade.
Martin, Mrs. 11, East Cliff.
Mason, W. Esq. 8, Waterloo-place.
Mather, Mrs. 7, Cannon-place.
Matthews, Mrs. Elizabeth, 6, Eastern-terrace.
May, Mrs. 23, York-place.
Meane, Mrs. J. 36, Grand-parade.
Metcalf, —, Esq. 11, Regency-square.
Mighell, Mrs. W. 103, North-street.
Millard, G. Esq. 108, London-road.
Milligan, R. Esq. 22, Brunswick-square, Hove.
Mills, J. Esq. 14, St. George's-place.
Mills, Captain, Old Battery-house.
Mitchener, D. Esq. 10, Grand-parade.
Mitham, Mrs. F. 14, Grand-parade.
Mocatta, —, Esq. King's-road.
Monk, Mrs. Martha, 9, St. George's-place.
Monzani, —, Esq. 7, Gloucester-place.
Moore, Miss S. 35, Western-road.
Morgell, Mrs. M. 6, Marine-square.
Morris, N. Esq. 34, Brunswick-square, Hove.
Morrison, W. O. Esq. Bloomsbury Villa, Marine-par
Mott, R. Esq. 13, Crescent-street.
Mott, G. Esq. 22, Upper Rock-gardens.
Moyse, R. Esq. 21, Hanover-crescent.
Mulkorn, Captain, 5, Gothic-buildings.
Murphy, Andrew, Esq. 1, Egremont-place.
Murrell, W. Esq. 72, London-road.
Myneer, Mrs. M. 13, Richmond-place.
Newsom, John, Esq. 1, Richmond-place.
Newman, Mrs. Jemima, 11, Marine-square.
Nicholls, Miss C. 15, New Steyne.
Nimburg, —, Esq. 12, Silwood-place.
Norman, J. Esq. 18, Western-road.
Norton, Miss, 119, London-road.
Nott, Mrs. S. 9, Waterloo-place.
O'Kell, Esq. 11, Silwood-place.
Oliver, John, Esq. 97, London-road.
O'Reilly, Lieutenant-colonel, Old Steyne.
Ormsby, Colonel, 41, Marlborough-place.
Pain, Thomas, Esq. 5, Marine East.
Paine, Mrs. C. 68, Grand-parade.
Paine, Mrs. 44, Preston-street.
Palmer, Clarkson, Esq. 10, Pavilion-parade.
Palmer, Mrs. E. 25, Marine-square.
Palmer, Captain, 9, Montpellier-road.
Parkins, Hugh, Esq. 4, Brunswick-square, Hove.
Parnell, Miss, 38, Russell-square.
Parsons, John, Esq. 23, Hanover-crescent.
Partridge, Thomas, Esq. 39, Egremont-place.
Paul, Captain G. 120, London-road.
Peacock, —, Esq. 3, Gothic-buildings.
Pedder, Robert, Esq. 22, German-place.
Peel, L. Esq. 29, Sussex-square, Kemp Town.
Perkins, Frederick, Esq. 14, Royal-crescent.
Perkins, —, Esq. 3, Hampton-place.
Phillipson, J. B. Esq. 118, London-road.
Pickett, —, Esq. Hove-place.
Piercey, Mrs. 18, Princes-street.
Pindar, Thomas, Esq. 31, York-place.
Pipon, Major, 14, Old Steyne.
Pitts, J. Esq. 9, York-place.
Place, Mrs. 18, Brunswick-square, Hove.
Pocock, Major, 110, London-road.
Poggi, Mrs. 2, Wick-road.
Pollard, J. Esq. 8, Gloucester-place.
Pool, Mrs. Ann, 10, St. James's-street.
Porter, Dr. 14, Marine East.
Portis, Mrs. M. 3, Manchester-street.
Poune, R. Esq. 75, West-street.

Powis, Thomas Owen, Esq. 13, Grafton-street.
Price, Mrs. A. 27, Russell-square.
Prior, Miss Eliza, 18, Devonshire-place.
Pritchard, Mrs. Rose, 22, Richmond-place.
Pryor, Colonel, 28, Regency-square.
Pymm, R. Esq. 2, Mill-place.
Rankin, Miss, 5, Silwood-place.
Reynolds, J. Esq. 6, Clarence-place.
Rickman, Mrs. 31, Grenville-place.
Ridley, Mrs. M. 1, Old Steyne.
Ridley, Mrs. Woodbine Cottage, Old Steyne.
Riley, Alexander, Esq. 51, Old Steyne.
Roberts, Edward, Esq. 18, New Steyne.
Robertson, F. Esq. 61, Regency-square.
Robison, J. Esq. 15, Regency-square.
Rodwell, Mrs. Catherine, 2, Hanover-crescent.
Roe, W. Esq. 10, New Steyne.
Roebuck, Mrs. E. 14, Bloomsbury-place.
Rogers, —, Esq. 33, Old Steyne.
Rolls, Admiral, 78, Grand-parade.
Rook, C. Esq. 3, Western Cottages.
Rose, —, Esq. 1, St. Peter's-place.
Ross, Hugh, Esq. 9, Trafalgar-street.
Round, John, Esq. 15, Brunswick-terrace, Hove.
Rowe, J. P. Esq. 117, London-road.
Rowley, Colonel, 35, Bedford-square.
Salter, Miss C. 18, Charles-street.
Samuel, Mrs. A. 3, Grafton-street.
Sandeland, Mrs. S, 63, Grand-parade.
Sanders, Samuel, Esq. 5, Waterloo-place.
Sant, William, Esq. 16, Devonshire-place.
Satterly, Mrs. J. 5, Hanover-crescent.
Saunders, H. Esq. 31, Grand-parade.
Saunders, Mrs. 2, St. James's-place.
Saunt, L. Esq. 25, Marine-parade.
Schneider, John, Esq. 7, Lower Rock-gardens.
Scott, Mrs. 45, Ship-street.
Sellon, Sergeant, 16, Upper Rock-gardens.
Sellon, Mrs. 79, King's-road.
Sellon, Miss C. 8, New Steyne.
Shaw, —, Esq. 114, London-road.
Shergold, Mrs. 22, Ship-street.
Shrivel, Cornelius, Esq. 6, Mighell-street.
Shulcross, Mrs. E. 32, West-street.
Sivewright, T. Esq. 2, Cavendish-place.
Skinner, Russel, Esq. 3, Richmond-terrace.
Slegg, Mrs. John, 2, Richmond-place.
Small, W. Esq. 6, Grand-parade.
Smith, Horace, Esq. 10, Hanover-crescent.
Smith, Mrs. 22, York-place.
Smith, Mrs. 15, Richmond-place.
Smith, J. Esq. 53, London-road.
Smith, Thomas, Esq. 7, Crescent-street.
Smith, S. J. Esq. 19, Lower Rock-gardens.
Smith, —, Esq. 29, Cannon-place.
Smith, —, Esq. Bedford-square.
Sober, Mrs. Ann, 23, Sussex-square, Kemp Town.
Sotheby, Admiral, 21, Brunswick-terrace, Hove.
Spark, Mrs. 16, Gloucester-place.
Spencer, Mrs. A. 1, Marine-place.
Spencer, Mrs. 25, Oriental-place.
Spurr, Mrs. 11, Western Cottages.
Spyring, J. Esq. 8, St. Peter's-place.
Standen, John, Esq. 3, St. Peter's-place.
Standert, William R. Esq. 28, New Steyne.
Standford, Mrs. 15, Black Lion-street.
Stapleford, Mrs. Mary, 12, Old Steyne.
St. Aubin, Mr. 51, Western-road.
Stead, Mrs. 21, Lower Rock-gardens.
Stewart, —, Esq. 28, Oriental-place.
Stewart, —, Esq. 8, Mill-place.
Stirling, Mrs. Georgiana, 63, East-street.
Stocks, M. Esq. 1, Richmond-terrace.
Storror, T. Esq. 31, Preston-street.
Story, P. L. Esq. Kemp Town.
Stovin, D. Esq. 52, Western-road.
Strange, John, Esq. Hove-place.
Stringer, —, Esq. 15, Preston-street.
Swaine, Mrs. 2, Upper North-street.
Tabor, Mrs. 8, Russell-square.
Taylor, Mrs. S. 12, Hanover-crescent.
Templeton, Mrs. M. 14, Devonshire-place.
Tennant, W. Esq. 25, Sussex-square, Kemp Town.
Thompsett, Mrs. Jane, 1, Waterloo-place.
Thunder, Edward, Esq. 1, Poplar-place.
Till, Mrs. H. 13, Richmond-terrace.
Tilt, Thomas, Esq. 19, New Steyne.
Tillston, Mrs. 11, Pavilion-parade.
Tomkins, Mrs. Margaret, 5, Marlborough-place.
Tonson, Colonel, 46, Russell-square.
Trickey, Colonel, 6, Richmond-place.
Tristram, Barrington, Esq. 10, Bloomsbury-place.
Tuck, T. Esq. 1, York-place.
Tuppen, Mrs. W. 51, Grand-parade.
Turner, Thomas, Esq. 6, Devonshire-place.
Tweedale, Captain, 3, Gloucester-place.
Upton, Mrs. 53, Regency-square.
Usborne, T. Esq. 5, Brunswick-square, Hove.
Vallance, Mrs. M. 19, Hanover-crescent.
Vallance, John, Esq. Hove.
Vane, Miss Catherine, 18, Upper Rock-gardens.
Vardon, Mrs. 23, Cannon-place.
Vernon, W. Esq. 4, Portland-terrace.
Vyvyan, Colonel, 18, Regency-square.
Wadeson, Miss, 2, Western Cottages.
Wagner, Mrs. 49, Old Steyne.
Wake, Miss, 22, Brunswick-terrace, Hove.
Walker, Thomas, Esq. 5, Regency-square.

Walker, Joshua, Esq. 4, Brunswick-terrace, Hove.
Walker, Mrs. 82, London-road.
Wallace, General, 6, Marine-parade.
Wallinger, Mrs. 52, Russell-square.
Walton, William, Esq. 12, Lower Rock-gardens.
Warden, —, Esq. 22, Clarence-place.
Warner, Mrs. Charlotte, 11, Royal-crescent.
Webb, Mrs. 5, Mill-place.
Wellard, Captain, 46, Ship-street.
Wellen, Mrs. 10, Silwood-place.
Welsford, Roger, Esq. 4, Richmond-place.
Westrop, —, Esq. 8, St. George's-place.
Whitbread, Miss, 24, Brunswick-terrace, Hove.
White, Captain, 14, Trafalgar-street.
White, Mrs. 68, London-road.
Whiteman, —, Esq. 8, Marine-square.
Whiterby, Mrs. 5, York-place.
Whitmarsh, —, Esq. 27, Cannon-place.
Whittle, Miss, 26, York-place.
Whyt, Mrs. 2, Gloucester-place.
Wichelo, John, Esq. 6, St. Peter's-place.
Wichelow, R. Esq. 39, Bloomsbury-place.
Wick, Mrs. S. 25, Grand-parade.
Wicking, J. Esq. 70, London-road.
Wigney, W. Esq. sen. 19, Brunswick-square, Hove.
Wigney, Robert, Esq. Regency-square.
Wigney, William, Esq. jun. 42, Middle-street.
Wigney, G. Esq. 21, Ship-street.
Wigney, I. N. Esq. 60, East-street.
Williams, W. Esq. 21, Richmond-place.
Williams, J. 44, Marine-parade.
Willock, Mrs. 62, London-road.
Willis, Mrs. Mary, 11, Bedford-street.
Wilmott, Mrs. E. 10, Richmond-terrace.
Wilson, E. L. Esq. 30, Marine-parade.
Wimble, Nehemiah, Esq. 9, Bloomsbury-place.
Wisden, Joseph, Esq. 18, Norfolk-square.
Witton, J. Esq. 7, Grand-parade.
Wood, Mrs. 13, Old Steyne.
Wood, Mrs. M. 30, Broad-street.
Woodington, Mrs. D. 6, Hanover-crescent.
Woodruffe, Mrs. 7, Brunswick-place North.
Wray, Mrs. F. 2, Dorset-gardens.
Wrentmore, J. Esq. 15, Marine-parade.
Wright, T. Samuel, Esq. Waterloo-street, Hove.
Wymark, —, Esq. 7, York-place.
Wymark, Thomas, Esq. 15, Marine-street.
Yard, Thomas, Esq. 10, Brunswick-terrace, Hove.
Young, John, Esq. 12, Richmond-terrace.

BANKERS.

Hall, West, and Borrer, Union Bank, 6, North-street; London Agents, Jones, Lloyd, and Co.
Wigney, Stanford, and Wigney, 60, East-street; London Agents, Masterman, Peters, and Co.

PHYSICIANS.

Anderson, A. Hampden House, 36, Marine East.
Anderson, Robert, 4, Dorset-gardens.
Blair, Thomas, 75, Grand-parade.
Costane, 48, Brunswick-square, Hove.
Gibney, J. G. 26, Old Steyne.
Glasspoole, Frederick, 12, Grafton-street.
Hall, Radcliffe, Travelling Fellow of University College, Oxford, 14, Old Steyne.
Hood, 46, King's-road.
Jefferson, 36, Brunswick-terrace, Hove.
King, William, 2, Regency-square.
Price, Charles, 3, Old Steyne.
Scott, Alexander, 1, Royal-crescent.
Tierney, Sir M. T. 3, Pavilion-parade.
Todd, 56, Old Steyne.
White, 13, Bedford-square.
Williams, 5, Brunswick-place North.
Yates, Thomas, 66, Grand-parade.

SURGEONS.

Attree, W. Battery House, King's-road.
Baldey, Thomas, 30, East-street.
Blaker, Roberts, and Vallance, Old Steyne, and 33, West-street.
Battcock and Paine, 1, St. James's-street.
Brewster and Seabrook, 159, North-street.
Caudle, William, 111, North-street.
Caudle, J. 27, Devonshire-place.
Coleman, T. W. 110, St. James's-street.
Curtis, Edward, 48, Western-road.
Dill, J. 21, Regency-square.
Dix, Robert, 37, East-street.
Dix, Edward, 7, Old Steyne.
Ferrari, A. 71, East-street.
Fletcher, Robert, 24, Cannon-place.
Hargraves, John, sen. 78, West-street.
Hargraves, John, jun. 35, King's-road.
Hargraves, Stewart, 22, Russell-square.
Harrison, Thomas S. 33, Grand-parade.
Hewit, 53, Grand-parade.
Hyatt, S. 97, London-road.
Janes, J. N. 1, Ship-street.
Lawrence, John, 2, Pavilion-colonnade.
Long, William, 16, Princes-street.
Lowdell, 6, Middle-street.
M'Lean, Waterloo-street, Hove.
Newnham and Taylor, Old Steyne.
Philpott, R. 12, Devonshire-place.
Pickford, 1, Cavendish-place.
Pitt, T. B. 34, Cannon-place.
Reed, William, 11, York-place.
Tabois, James F. 15, Old Steyne.

Tilt, Thomas, Margaret-street.
Touray, B. 15, Bedford-street.
Verrall, Best, 27, Dorset-gardens.
Wigan, A. 30, Oriental-place.

DENTISTS.

Bew, Charles, 12, Pavilion-parade.
Clarke, T. 118, St. James's-street.
Fisher, F. 58, Old Steyne.

CUPPERS.

Fisher, F. 58, Old Steyne.
Mahomed, S. D. jun. 42, East Cliff.
Mollineux, J. Baths, East Cliff.

CHEMISTS.

Badcock, John, 128, St. James's-street.
Bateman, W. 140, North-street.
Best, W. 49, Marine-parade.
Blacklock, William, 32, Old Steyne.
Brew, T. 4, East-street.
Colby, John, 17, Castle-square.
Gibbs, George, 95, St. James's-street.
Glaisyer and Kemp, 11, North-street.
Jordan, J. 76, Western-road.
Moore, W. 67, Preston-street.
Mussel, T. 127, North-street.
Novis, W. 98, St. James's-street.
Pitt, William, 1, Ship-street.
Sarel, T. G. 5, St. James's-street.
Thorby, Thomas, 33, North-street.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Burt, G. George-street.
Sewell, J. 78, Church-street.
West, Edward, Regency-mews, Preston-street.

HOTELS AND TAVERNS.

Albion Hotel, R. Stuckey, Steyne.
Bedford Hotel, T. Cooper, King's-road.
Bush Hotel, Jones and Co. Kemp Town.
Clarence Hotel, W. J. Wilde, North-street.
Club House, Humphrey, E. 55, Old Steyne.
George Inn, A. Hubert, West-street.
Gloucester Hotel, Brierly, S. Gloucester-place.
Golden Cross Inn, R. Ellis, Princes-street.
Golden Fleece Inn, Mrs. Frost, Market-street.
Gun Tavern, G. Harrison, East Cliff.
Hanover Arms and Royal Cricket Ground, J. Lee, Lewes-road.
Kerrison Arms Inn, Ireland, Waterloo-street, Hove.
King and Queen, S. Long, Marlborough-place.
Marine Hotel, Mrs. James, 5, Marine-parade.
New Ship Inn, L. Saunders, Ship-street.
New Steyne Hotel, R. Mott, St. James's-street.
Norfolk Hotel, P. Walton, King's-road.
Old Ship Inn, L. Shuckard, Ship-street.
Pavilion Hotel, E. Savage, Castle-square.
Regent Hotel, Stretch, New-road.
Richmond Arms, T. Bunting, Richmond-place.
Rising Sun, Robert Neighbour, East-street.
Sea House Hotel, Thomas Scarnell, King's-road.
Star and Garter, W. Boxall, East Cliff.
White Horse, T. Hodd, East-street.
White Lion Inn, Mrs. Vincent, North-street.
York Hotel, G. Parsons, Old Steyne.

WINE MERCHANTS.

Best and Smithers, Marine-parade.
Biley and Co. 5, New-road.
Brown, S. 17, Black Lion-street.
Casher, G. jun. 19, German-place.
Cordy, J. 51, North-street.
Cristopher and Son, 5, Manchester-street.
Ellis, W. 45, Grand-parade, and 50, Old Steyne.
Fisher, H. 62, St. James's-street.
Fisk, William, 100, St. James's-street.
Fricker and Co. 111, St. James's-street.
Gilburd, William, 48, St. James's-street.
Hall, West, and Co. 6, North-street.
Hamper, James, 23, Western-road.
Harman, Thomas, Grafton-street.
Jordan, Thomas, 13, St. James's-street.
May, J. W. 10, Castle-square.
Palmer, C. M. 24, Middle-street, and 12, East Cliff.
Robins, E. 6, Manchester-street, and 3, Western-street.
Saxby, R. 16, Old Steyne, and 45, Western-road.
Shaft and Co. 1, Duke-street.
Sharp, 8, Marine-parade.
Thompson and Co. 6, Marine-parade.
Trist, John, 58, St. James's-street.
Wainford, Marine-parade.
Walwyn and Co. 32, King's-road, and 23, Burlington-street.
Wilde, J. W. 28, North-street.

CONFECTIONERS.

Arnold, I. 37, North-street.
Canova, G. L. (*Restorateur*) 27, Grand-parade.
Carter and Son, 120, St. James's-street.
Hill, Mrs. S. 51, Marine-parade.
Mutton, 28, King's-road.
Phillips, George, Steyne House.
Shackelford, 43, King's-road.
Smith, Samuel, Grand-parade.